SOLAR RADIO NOISE STORM AT 164 MHZ
FROM NANÇAY RADIOHELIOGRAPH
JANUARY 2006

	HELIOGRAPHICS POSITIONS MEAN VALUES[1]		IMP[2]	OBSERVING TIME[3]	
	E-W	S-N		START(UT)	END(UT)
19/01/06	-0.57	-0.40	I	11H39	15H32 D
20/01/06	-0.37	-0.31	I	11H35 E	15H32 D
22/01/06	+0.08	-0.36	I	8H32 E	15H32 D
24/01/06	+0.79	-0.38	I	8H33 E	15H28 D
25/01/06	+0.80	-0.44	II	8H33 E	15H33 D

SOLAR RADIO NOISE STORM AT 327 MHZ
FROM NANÇAY RADIOHELIOGRAPH
JANUARY 2006

	HELIOGRAPHICS POSITIONS MEAN VALUES[1]		IMP[2]	OBSERVING TIME[3]	
DAY	E-W	S-N		START(UT)	END(UT)
19/01/06	-0.55	-0.34	I	9H48	15H32 D
20/01/06	-0.37	-0.29	I	11H35 E	15H32 D
21/01/06	-0.17	-0.34	I	8H33 E	15H32 D
22/01/05	+0.04	-0.27	I	8H32 E	15H32 D
23/01/06	+0.30	-0.39	I	11H20 E	15H33 D
24/01/06	+0.71	-0.40	I	8H33 E	15H28 D
25/01/06	+0.64	-0.42	I	8H33 E	15H33 D
25/01/06	+0.90	-0.43	I	8H33 E	15H33 D

01, 02 January: NO DATA

OTHERS DAYS: NO DETECTABLE NOISE STORM

- For the days marked by an asterisk, intense ionopheric gravity waves are observed during the whole day. Without a more detailed analysis, leading to decreased uncertainties in the deviation, the positions which are indicated are estimated within 0.2 R

** Following a large burst

*** importance not well determined due to the proximity off the very strong other source

**** no flux measurements available

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[1] POSITIVE E-W AND S-N COORDINATES CORRESPOND TO THE N-W QUADRANT

[2] IMP1: FLUX< 5 SFU IMP2: 5< FLUX < 20 SFU IMP3: 20< FLUX <100 SFU
IMP4: 100< FLUX <300 SFU IMP5> 300 SFU

[3] E NOISE STORM IN PROGRESS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE NANÇAY OBSERVATIONS
D NOISE STORM IN PROGRESS AT THE END OF THE NANCAY OBSERVATIONS